

GRETCHEN WHITMER

STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS LANSING

ORLENE HAWKS DIRECTOR

MICHIGAN BOARD OF PHARMACY RULES COMMITTEE WORK GROUP MEETING

MINUTES FEBRUARY 2, 2023

The Michigan Board of Pharmacy Rules Committee Work Group met on February 2, 2023. The meeting was held via Zoom.

CALL TO ORDER

Andria Ditschman, Departmental Specialist, called the meeting to order at 12:04 p.m.

ATTENDANCE

Members Present: Pierre Boutros, R.Ph. (left 12:20 p.m.)

Grace Sesi, PharmD

Michael Sleiman, PharmD (arrived 12:29 p.m.)

Sandra Taylor, R.Ph.

Members Absent: None

Staff Present: Andria Ditschman, JD, Departmental Specialist,

Boards and Committees Section

Jacob Poynter, Manager, Licensing Division Stephanie Wysack, Board Support Technician,

Boards and Committees Section

Public Present: Rose Baran – self

Farah Jalloul – Michigan Pharmacists Association (MPA)

George Wang – SIRUM

Lori Young – Centrica Care Navigators

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RULES DISCUSSION

Pharmacy – Program for Utilization of Unused Prescription Drugs (A copy of the draft, pursuant to today's discussion, is attached)

R 338.3615 Transfer and shipment of donated drugs; requirements.

Subrule (4): Ditschman stated that the language in this new proposed subrule did not appear to be consistent with the Public Health Code, which has adopted the federal requirements and exemptions regarding wholesale transfers. The federal code includes a list of exemptions, however, a donation does not seem to be included in the list of exemptions. The subrule will have to be removed.

R 338.3621d Transfer form; requirements.

Subrule (d): Ditschman stated that "party" was used in the proposed new language however, the term is not preferred in rulemaking. She will change the term "party" to the appropriate term throughout the draft, under proposed language submitted by SIRUM.

Poynter confirmed that the term "facility manager" is what is used in the Code.

Pharmacy – Controlled Substances (A copy of the draft, used during today's discussion, is attached)

R 338.3102 Definitions; I to P.

Subrule (i): Ditschman stated that "Pharmacy services" is defined in the Code and could be removed. The definition in the Code differentiates what is and is not a pharmacy service under either personal charge or general supervision.

The committee agreed to remove subrule (i).

R 338.3132 Controlled substance license.

Subdivision (3)(h): Ditschman stated that this subdivision may appear to licensees that Michigan allows for controlled substances in all locations of automated devices.

Poynter stated that the Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) had not provided clarification on this issue as of yet.

Taylor stated that hospitals were confused about the need for a separate controlled substance license.

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Poynter suggested that the provision remain in the rules at this time and stated that the subdivision should provide clarification regarding the address where the drugs will be stored.

The committee agreed with Poynter's suggestion.

R 338.3162a Electronic transmission of prescription; waiver of electronic transmission.

Subdivision (4)(b)(ii)(B): Ditschman stated that the language in this subdivision has been modified to clarify that a waiver was available to prescribers who are no longer in practice as well as prescribers who are leaving practice in the near future.

R 338.3162b Electronic system for monitoring schedules 2, 3, 4, and 5 controlled substances.

Subrule (3): Ditschman asked the committee if the definition of "dispensing" should be modified to reflect when information is being submitted to the MAPS system.

The committee stated the subrule was sufficient as written.

R 338.3163 Individual with substance use disorder; prescribing, dispensing, and administering controlled substance.

Ditschman stated that the rule was currently written to cover substance use disorders without an additional licensing being required. She asked the committee if the rule was necessary after the enactment of the MAT Act.

Discussion was held.

Sesi stated that a reference to the federal rule may be sufficient instead of the scenarios described in the current rule. Ditschman to work with Sesi on language.

Jalloul stated that training on the federal rule is coming soon.

Young provided to Ditschman, a copy of the letter that the DEA is sending to prescribers.

R 338.3167 Dispensing schedule 5 substances without prescriptions.

Subdivision (2)(ii): Ditschman asked the committee if the term "practice" should be modified.

Taylor stated that "practice" may be used for the purpose of a clinic.

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Discussion was held.

The committee agreed to change the word "practice" to "pharmacy."

Pharmacy – Program for Utilization of Unused Prescription Drugs (A copy of the draft, pursuant to today's discussion, is attached)

R 338.3621 Forms; eligible facility donation form, manufacturer donation form, resident donation form, eligible participant form, transfer form, destruction form; general requirements.

Ditschman presented the proposed language submitted from the public for the consolidation of R 338.3619 and R 338.3621 into one rule.

The committee agreed with the language as presented.

R 338.3621c Transfer form; requirements.

Wang stated that the proposed language cleaned up the requirements of the transfer and when it needed to be done.

The committee agreed to the language as presented.

R 338.3621d Transfer form; requirements.

Wang stated that additional language was added to the rule to ensure that the drug information was included. He stated that unnecessary information was removed in order to clarify and simplify the rule. He clarified that the new language did not affect safety.

Taylor asked why the phrase "The expiration date of the drug" was removed.

Wang stated that the pharmacist was going to look at the packaging for the expiration date, not on a separate form that came with the donation.

The committee agreed with the suggested language and removal of subdivision (iv).

Ditschman stated that she will cross reference the Code to make sure that subdivision (iv) can be deleted.

R 338.3621e Destruction form; requirements.

Wang suggested removal of subdivisions (1)(c)(iv), (1)(e), (1)(g)(B) and (C).

The committee agreed to removal of the above listed subdivisions.

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R 338.3623 Eligible participants; requirements.

Wang stated that adding the phrase "before being dispensed their first prescription" clarified when the attestation needed to be signed.

The committee agreed to the additional language.

R 338.3627 Handling fee.

Subrule (1): Wang stated that the proposed language change provided flexibility to non-profits to ask for a reasonable fee for the donated drugs.

Discussion held on whether the new language would be appropriate or should there be a limit.

Ditschman stated that she will verify that there was no limit on passing on a fee to the patient in the Code.

Taylor suggested using the new language regarding what type of expenses can be included, in order to provide the flexibility, but keep the current language that required a limit on the fee, stating that "reasonable effort" was used in determining the cost of the drug.

The committee agreed with Taylor's suggestion.

Pharmacy – Controlled Substances (A copy of the draft, used during today's discussion, is attached)

Part 2. Schedules

Ditschman stated that the rule adopts the federal list of controlled substances, and also includes exceptions to the federal list. She stated that there had been discussion in previous Rules Committee Work Group meetings, to provide a chart of these exceptions, instead of a list, to make them easier to read. Ditschman provided a sample table.

The committee agreed with the table as presented.

Ditschman stated she will incorporate the table into the draft rules.

Subdivision (3)(c): Ditschman asked if gabapentin should still be a schedule as a 5 drug in the rules.

Discussion was held.

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The committee agreed to remove gabapentin from the exemptions in the rule based on how other states are treating the drug and the use of the drug.

Subdivision (3)(a): Ditschman stated that the current exception for marijuana is language from the Code. She asked the committee if a change was needed.

Baran stated that Article 8 only went into effect if the federal exemption changed.

Ditschman stated that she will discuss with the department regarding any possible changes.

The committee agreed to the department discussion.

Butalbital: Ditschman stated that this is often considered waived from the schedule when used with other drugs such as Fioracet. The department has been receiving questions about the scheduling of butalbital. The federal government was considering deleting the waiver option for the drug.

Fioracet: This drug is scheduled but a waiver for certain manufacturers exists. It was explained that the waiver depends on whether a manufacturer requests it, that is why sometimes the drug is scheduled and sometimes it falls under the waiver.

Discussion was held.

Sesi stated that reference to the federal schedule should be used and not to list an exception in the rule.

The committee agreed to not list Fioracet as an exception in the rules.

ADJOURNMENT

Ditschman stated that the Pharmacy – Program for Utilization of Unused Prescription Drugs and Pharmacy – Controlled Substances will be voted on by the board at the meeting on February 15, 2023.

Ditschman stated that the Pharmacy Technician rules were moving along, and the Regulatory Impact Statement (RIS) had been written. She was working on the RIS for the Pharmacy – General Rules. She stated that there is a good chance that both sets of rules will make it to public hearing at the same time.

Ditschman adjourned the meeting at 1:42 p.m.

Prepared by: Stephanie Wysack, Board Support Technician Bureau of Professional Licensing

February 8, 2023

DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

PHARMACY – PROGRAM FOR UTILIZATION OF UNUSED PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

Filed with the secretary of state on

These rules become effectivetake effect immediately afterupon filing with the secretary of state unless adopted under section 33, 44, or 45a(9) of the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.233, 24.244, or 24.245a. Rules adopted under these sections become effective 7 days after filing with the secretary of state.

(By authority conferred on the director of the department of licensing and regulatory affairs by sections 16145(3), 17701, and 17775 of 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16145(3), 333.17701, and 333.17775 and Executive Reorganization Order No. Nos. 1991-9, 1996-2, 2003-1, and 2011-4, MCL 338.3501, 445.2001, 445.2011, and MCL 445.2030)

R 338.3601, R 338.3603, R 338.3605, R 338.3607, R 338.3609, R 338.3611, R 338.3615, R 338.3617, R 338.3621, R 338.3625, R 338.3627, R 338.3629, R 338.3631, R 338.3633, R 338.3635, R 338.3637, R 338.3639, R 338.3641, and R 338.3643 of the Michigan Administrative Code are amended, R 338.3621a, R 338.3621b, R 338.3621c, and R 338.3621d are added, and R 338.3613, R 338.3619, and R 338.3623 are rescinded, as follows:

R 338.3601. Definitions.

- Rule 1. (1) As used in this partthese rules:
- (a) "Charitable clinic" means a charitable nonprofit corporation or facility that meets all of the following requirements:
- (i) Is organized as a not-for-profit corporation pursuant to the nonprofit corporation act, 1982 PA 162, MCL 450.2101 to 450.3192.
- (ii) Holds a valid exemption from federal income taxation issued pursuant to section 501(a) of the internal revenue code, 26 USC 501.
- (iii) Is listed as an exempt organization under section 501(c) of the internal revenue code, 26 USC 501.
- (iv) Is organized under or operated as a part of a health facility or agency licensed under article 17 of the code, MCL 333.20101 to 333.20211.
- (v) Provides on an outpatient basis for a period of less than 24 consecutive hours to persons not residing or confined at the facility advice, counseling, diagnosis, treatment, surgery, care, or services relating to the preservation or maintenance of health.
- (vi) Has a licensed pharmacy.
- (ba) "Chemotherapeutic agent" means a chemical agent used for treating various forms of cancer generally by killing the cancer cells.
 - (eb) "Code" means the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.1101 to 333.25211.

- (dc) "Eligible facility" means a medical institution as that term is defined in R 338.486.
- (ed) "Department" means the department of licensing and regulatory affairs, bureau of health care services.
 - (f) "Eligible participant" means an individual who meets all of the following requirements:
- (i) Is a resident of this state.
- (ii) Is eligible to receive medicaid or medicare or has no health insurance and otherwise lacks reasonable means to purchase prescription drugs, as prescribed in these rules.
 - (ge) "Hazardous waste" means hazardous waste as that term is defined in R 299.9203.
- (h) "Health professional" means any of the following individuals licensed and authorized to prescribe and dispense drugs or to provide medical, dental, or other health-related diagnoses, eare, or treatment within the scope of his or her professional license:
- (i) A physician licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery under part 170 or 175 of the code, MCL 333.17001 to 333.17088 or 333.17501 to 333.17556.
- (ii) A physician's assistant licensed under part 170, 175, or 180 of the code; MCL 333.17001 to 333.17088, 333.17501 to 333.17556, or 333.18001 to 333.18058.
- (iii) A dentist licensed under part 166 of the code, MCL 333.16601 to 333.16648.
- (iv) An optometrist licensed under part 174 of the code, MCL 333.17404 to 333.17437.
- (v) A pharmacist licensed under part 177 of the code, MCL 333.17701 to 333.17780.
- (vi) A podiatrist licensed under part 180 of the code, MCL 333.18001 to 333.18058.
- (i) "Program" means the statewide unused prescription drug repository and distribution program known as the program for utilization of unused prescription drugs that is established in section 17775 of the code, MCL 333.17775.
- (jf) "Unit dose package" means a package that contains a single dose drug with the name, strength, control number, and expiration date of that drug on the label.
- (kg) "Unit of issue package" means a package that provides multiple doses of the same drug, but each drug is individually separated and includes the name, lot number, and expiration date.
 - (h) "USP" means the United States pharmacopeia.
 - (i) "USP-NF" means the United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary.
- (1j) "Waste disposal facility" means a waste diversion center or disposal facility that is in compliance with the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.101 to 324.90106, for processing or disposal.
- (k) "Original sealed and tamper-evident packaging" shall have the same meaning as "Unopened tamper-evident packaging" as defined in USP, General Chapter 659, Packaging and Storage Requirements including but not limited to unopened unit-dose, multiple-dose, immediate, secondary, and tertiary packaging.
- (2) Unless otherwise defined in these rules, the terms defined in the code have the same meaning as used in these rules.
- R 338.3603. Eligibility criteria; pharmacy; charitable clinics; requirements; withdrawal. Rule 3. (1) To be eligible for participation in the program **and accept donated prescription drugs**, a pharmacy or charitable clinic shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws, including laws applicable to the storage and distribution of drugs and the appropriate licensure standards, and shall hold an active, nonrestricted, state of Michigan license in this state in good standing.
- (2) Participation in the program is voluntary.

- (3) A pharmacy or charitable clinic may elect to participate in the program **and accept donated prescription drugs** by providing, on a form provided by the department, written notification to the department of all of the following:
- (a) The name, street-address, and telephone number, and license number of the pharmacy licensed under article 15 or charitable clinic licensed under article 17, and any state of Michigan license or registration number issued to the pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- (b) For a charitable clinic, evidence that the charitable clinic meets the requirements defined in R 338.3601(a)section 17775 of the code, MCL 333.17775.
- (c) The name and license number of the responsible pharmacist employed by or under contract with the pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- (d) A statement signed and dated by the responsible pharmacist indicating that the pharmacy or charitable clinic meets the eligibility requirements under this rule and shall comply with the requirements of the program.
- (4) A **participating** pharmacy or charitable clinic may withdraw from participation in the program at any time by providing written notice to the department on a form provided by the department. All of the following information shallmust be included on the notice of withdrawal form:
- (a) Name, address, telephone number, and state of Michigan license or registration number of the participating pharmacy or the charitable clinic.
- (b) Name and dated signature of the responsible pharmacist, attesting that the **participating** pharmacy or charitable clinic willshall no longer participate in the program.
 - (c) Date of withdrawal.

R 338.3605 Eligible prescription drugs.

- Rule 5. (1) All non-controlled prescription drugs, except those specified in R 338.3607, that have been approved for medical use in the United States, are listed in the United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary (usp-nf)USP-NF, and meet the criteria for donation established by these rules may be accepted for donation under the program.
- (2) A new prescription may be transferred to another participating pharmacy or charitable clinic for dispensing.

R 338.3607. Ineligible drugs; controlled substances prohibited.

- Rule 7. (1) The following **drugs** shallmust not be accepted for dispensing under the program:
- (a) Controlled substances, as that term is defined in article 7 of the code or by federal law.
- (b) Expired prescription drugs.
- (c) Drugs that may be dispensed only to a patient registered with the drug's manufacturer under the Federal Food and Drug Administration's federal food and drug administration requirements.
- (d) Drugs that have been held-outside of a health professional's control where sanitation and security cannot be assured.
 - (e) Compounded drugs.
- (f) Drugs that require storage temperatures other than normal room temperature as specified by the manufacturer or the usp-nfUSP-NF-shall not be donated or accepted as part of the program. Excluded from this restriction are drugs donated directly from a drug manufacturer or an eligible facility has ensured the integrity of the drug by enclosing in the donation packaging a USP-

recognized method by which the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic can easily detect improper temperature variations.

- (2) Controlled substances submitted for donation shallmust be documented and returned immediately to the eligible facility that donated the drugs. Both of the following apply:
- (a) If controlled substances enter the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic and it is not possible or practicable to return the controlled substances to the donating facility, abandoned controlled substances shallmust be documented and destroyed pursuant tounder the protocols currently used by the participating pharmacy.
- (b) A destruction record shallmust be created and maintained for a period of 5 years after destruction for of anya controlled substances destroyed. Two years after the date of the destruction, the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may make an electronic duplicate of the original record, which becomes the original record of destruction. A participating pharmacy shall present a paper copy of the electronic duplicate to an authorized agent of the board on request.
- R 338.3609 Donated prescription drugs; participating pharmacy or charitable clinic requirements.
- Rule 9. (1) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may accept a prescription drug only if all of the following requirements are met:
- (a) The drug is in its original sealed and tamper-evident packaging. However, a drug in a single-unit dose, unit of issue package, or blister pack with the outside packaging opened may be accepted if the single-unit-dose packaging or unit of issue packaging is unopened.
- (b) The drug has been stored according to manufacturer or usp-nfUSP-NF storage requirements.
- (c) The packaging contains the lot number and expiration date of the drug. If the lot number is not retrievable, all specified medications shallmust be destroyed in the event of there is a recall.
- (d) The drug is not expired. has an expiration date that is more than 6 months after the date that the drug was donated.
- (e) The drug does not have any physical signs of tampering or adulteration, and there is no reason to believe that the drug is adulterated.
- (f) The packaging does not have any physical signs of tampering, deterioration, compromised integrity, or adulteration.
- (2) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may accept donated prescription drugs from more than 1 eligible facility, provided thatif the prescription drugs are donated donating is done pursuantunder to the terms of the program.
- R 338.3611 Donated prescription drugs; eligible facility, manufacturer requirements.
- Rule 11. (1) An eligible facility or manufacturer may donate unused or donated prescription drugs, other than controlled substances, to a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic, if the drug meets the requirements of these rules.
- (2) A manufacturer or its representative may donate prescription drugs in complimentary starter doses, other than controlled substances, to a charitable clinic under the program, if the drug meets the requirements of these rules.

- R 338.3613 Resident of eligible facility; donations permitted. Rescinded.
- Rule 13. (1) A resident of an eligible facility or the representative or guardian of a resident of an eligible facility may donate unused prescription drugs to be dispensed under the terms of the program.
- -(2) A resident of an eligible facility or the resident's representative or guardian shall complete a resident donation form prior to the eligible facility taking possession of the drugs to be donated. A copy of the resident donation form shall be sent to the participating pharmacy or charitable elinic with the donated drugs.
- -(3) The prescription drugs donated under the method described in this rule shall have originated from the eligible facility, and prescription drugs obtained prior to the resident being admitted to the facility shall not be accepted.
- -(4) The prescription drugs donated under the method described in this rule are subject to all the requirements of these rules.
- R 338.3615 Transfer and shipment of donated drugs; requirements.
- Rule 15. (1) Prior to the initial The eligible facility or manufacturer shall complete and transmit the eligible facility or manufacturer donation form or a substantively similar electronic or physical form in each shipment of donated prescription drugs to the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic. transfer of donated drugs from an eligible facility or manufacturer to a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic, the eligible facility or manufacturer shall complete the eligible facility donation form. The eligible facility or manufacturer shall transmit the completed eligible facility donation form to the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic and retain a copy for its records.
- (2) A completed transfer form shall be included in each shipment of donated drugs from an eligible facility or manufacturer to a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- (32) Donated drugs under the program shallmust be shipped from the eligible facility or manufacturer to the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic via common or contract carrier.
- R 338.3617 Inspection and storage of donated prescription drugs; destruction; recall.
- Rule 17. (1) APrior to dispensing a donated drug a licensed pharmacist employed by or under contract with the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall inspect donated prescription drugs to determine, in the professional judgment of the pharmacist, that the drugs are not adulterated, are safe and suitable for dispensing, and are eligible drugs. The pharmacist who inspects the drugs shall sign the transfer form included with the shipment of donated drugs attesting to the above.
- (2) The participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall store donated drugs pursuant tounder the manufacturer's guidelines or usp-nfUSP-NF guidelines. Donated drugs shallmust be stored and maintained in a manner that distinguishes them physically or electronically from other non-donated inventory. not be stored with non-donated inventory at any time.
- (3) WhenIf donated drugs are not inspected immediately upon receipt, a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall quarantinestore the donated prescription drugs separately from all dispensing stock until the donated prescription drugs have been inspected and approved for dispensing under the program.

- (4) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall destroy donated prescription drugs that are not suitable for dispensing pursuant tounder the protocols currently established by the pharmacy or charitable clinic for the destruction of prescription drugs.
- (5) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall create and maintain a destruction and disposal record for donated **prescription** drugs that are destroyed and disposed of as a result of being expired, adulterated, recalled, or otherwise not eligible for dispensing. A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall maintain a destruction record for 5 years after destruction of the donated drugs. Two years after the destruction of the donated drugs, the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may make an electronic duplicate of the original record, which becomes the original record. A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall present a paper copy of the electronic duplicate to an authorized agent of the board on request.
- (6) If a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic receives a recall notification, the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall perform a uniform destruction of all of the recalled prescription drugs in the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic and complete the destruction record for all donated **prescription** drugs **that are** destroyed. The destruction shallmust be done pursuant tounder the protocols currently established by the pharmacy or charitable clinic for the destruction and disposal of prescription drugs.
- (7) If a recalled drug has been dispensed, the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall immediately notify the eligible participant of the recalled drug pursuant tounder established drug recall procedures.
- (8) Notwithstanding any rule to the contrary, a participating pharmacy may repackage a donated prescription drug or medical supply as necessary for storage, dispensing, administration, or transfers in accordance with the following:
- (a) Repackaged medicine shall be labeled with the drug name, strength, and expiration date and shall be kept in a separate designated area until inspected and initialed by a health care professional.
- (b) If multiple packaged donated medicines with varied expiration dates are repackaged together, the shortest expiration date shall be used.
- R 338.3619 Record keeping; inventory; requirements. Rescinded.
- -Rule 19. (1) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall keep records in conform with these rules and all applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations.
- -(2) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall maintain documented policies and procedures that will address all the requirements of these rules.
- -(3) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall document all of the following for each drug accepted for the program:
- (a) Brand name or generic name of the drug.
- (b) Name of the manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#).
- (c) Quantity and strength of the drug.
- (d) Lot number of medication if available.
- (e) Expiration date of medication.
- (f) Date the drug was donated and the date the drug was subsequently dispensed.
- —(g) Name of the eligible facility that donated the drug and the eligible participant subsequently dispensed the drug.

- (h) The prescription from a health care professional.
- -(4) All records required for participation in the program shall be maintained separate from other records for 5 years and shall be readily retrievable for inspection at the request of the department or its agent.
- R 338.3621 Forms; eligible facility donation form, manufacturer donation form, resident donation form, eligible participant form, transfer form, destruction form; general requirements. Rule 21. (61) All forms required for participation in the program must be maintained separate from other records for 5 years. and shall be readily retrievable for inspection at the request of the department or its agent. Two years after the record is made, the holder of the record may make an electronic duplicate of the original record, which becomes the original record. The holder of the record shall present a paper copy of the electronic duplicate to an authorized agent of the board on request.
- (72) The department shall make available all forms required by the program. The forms shall must be available at no cost from the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, Bureau of Health Care Services, 611 W.West Ottawa St.Street, Lansing, MIMichigan 48909 or on the department's website at <a href="https://www.michigan.gov/lara/bureau-list/bpl/resources/special-programs/cancer-drug-repository-program-and-utilization-of-unused-prescription-drugs-program?sc_site=lara. A participant of the program may also use a substantively similar electronic or physical form for all forms required by the program.
- (3) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall maintain documented policies and procedures that address all the requirements of these rules.
- (4) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall keep records as required under these rules and all applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations.
 - (1) An eligible facility donation form shall include all of the following information:
- (a) An eligible facility's or manufacturer's name, address, and telephone number; the name, dated signature, and license number of pharmacist or health care provider authorized to donate the drugs; and, the license number of the facility or manufacturer.
- (b) A statement of the facility's intent to participate in the program and donate eligible prescription drugs to the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic identified on the form.
- (c) The receiving participating pharmacy's or charitable clinic's name, address, and telephone number.
- (d) The name, state of Michigan license number, and dated signature of the responsible pharmacist authorized to receive the donation.
 - (e) The date the donation was received.
 - (2) A resident donation form shall include all of the following information:
- (a) The eligible facility's name, address, state of Michigan license or registration number, and telephone number; and the name, dated signature, and license number of pharmacist or health care provider authorized to donate the drugs.
- (b) The resident's name and dated signature, or the name and dated signature of the resident's representative or guardian.
- (c) Attestation to the following statement, "As the legal owner of the listed prescription drug(s), I agree to voluntarily donate the listed eligible unused drugs to the program for utilization of unused prescription drugs."

- (d) The drug brand name or generic name, the name of manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#), the quantity and strength of the drug, and the drug's expiration date.
 - (e) The date of the donation.
- (f) The name, address, telephone number and state of Michigan license or registration number of the pharmacy or charitable clinic receiving donated unused prescription drug.
 - -(g) The date the donated drugs are received by the pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- (h) The name, state of Michigan license or registration number, and dated signature of the authorized pharmacist or health care provider receiving the donated prescription drug.
 - -(3) The eligible participant form shall include all of the following information:
- (a) The participating pharmacy's or charitable clinic's name, address, telephone number, state of Michigan license or registration number, and the name, state of Michigan license or registration number, and dated signature of dispensing pharmacist.
- (b) The drug's brand name or generic name, the name of manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#), the quantity and strength of the drug, the date the drug was dispensed, and the drug's expiration date.
 - (c) The eligible participant's name, date of birth, address, and dated signature.
 - -(d) Attestation of all of the following:
 - (i) The eligible participant is a resident of this state.
- (ii) The eligible participant is eligible to receive medicare or medicaid or is uninsured and does not have prescription drug coverage.
 - (e) The eligible participant acknowledges that the drugs have been donated.
- (f) The eligible participant consents to a waiver of the requirement for child resistant packaging, as required by the poison prevention packaging act, being 15 U.S.C. §1471–1477.
 - (4) The transfer form shall include all of the following information:
- (a) The eligible facility or manufacturer's name, state of Michigan license or registration number, address, telephone number, and the name, dated signature, and state of Michigan license number of the responsible pharmacist.
 - (b) The date of donation.
- (c) The drug's brand name or generic name, the name of manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#), the quantity and strength of the drug, and the drug's expiration date.
- —(d) The pharmacist of the eligible facility or manufacturer shall attest to the following statement, "I certify that the prescription drugs listed on this form for donation are eligible for donation and meet the requirements for prescription drugs under the program, including any storage requirements."
- (e) The receiving participating pharmacy's or charitable clinic's name, address, and telephone number, and name and state of Michigan license number of responsible pharmacist authorized to receive the donation.
- (f) The responsible pharmacist shall sign and date the transfer form attesting to the following statement, "Upon receipt and inspection of the above listed donated prescription drugs, it is in my professional judgment that these drugs are not adulterated, are safe and suitable for dispensing, and are eligible drugs."
 - (5) The destruction form shall include all of the following:
- (a) The participating pharmacy's or charitable clinic's name, state of Michigan license number, address, telephone number, the name, dated signature, and license number of the responsible pharmacist.

- (b) The drug's brand name or generic name, the name of the manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#), the quantity and strength of the drug, and the drug's expiration date.
 - (c) The reason for destruction of the drug.
 - (d) The name, title, and dated signature of the witness.
 - (e) The date of destruction.
- (f) If off-site disposal is used, the name of the firm destroying or disposing the drug, the name and dated signature of the person at the firm destroying or disposing the drug, and the date of disposal.

R 338.3621a Eligible facility donation form, manufacturer donation form; requirements. Rule 21a. (1) An eligible facility or manufacturer donation form must include all of the

- following information:
 (a) The following information for the eligible facility or manufacturer that will donate prescription drugs:
 - (i) The name, address, telephone number, and license number.
- (ii) The name, dated signature, and license number of the pharmacist or healthcare provider authorized to make the donation, if applicable.
- (b) A statement of the eligible facility or manufacturer's intent to participate in the program and donate to the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic identified on the form.
- (c) The name, address, and telephone number of the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic that will receive the donation.
- (d) The name, license number, and dated signature of the pharmacist authorized to receive the donation.
 - (e) The date the donation was received by the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic.

R 338.3621b Eligible participant form; requirements.

Rule 21b. (1) The eligible participant form must include all of the following information prior to receiving the first donated prescription drug:

- (a) An attestation from the eligible participant that includes all the following:
- (i) The eligible participant is a resident of this state.
- (ii) The eligible participant is eligible to receive medicare or medicaid or is uninsured and does not have prescription drug coverage.
 - (b) The eligible participant acknowledges that the drug is donated.
- (c) The eligible participant consents to a waiver of the requirement for child resistant packaging, as required by the Poison Prevention Packaging Act, 15 USC 1471 to 1477.

R 338.3621c Transfer form; requirements.

Rule 21c. (1) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall document all of the following for all donations made to the program on a transfer form:

- (a) The following information for each prescription drug:
- (i) Brand name or generic name of the drug.
- (ii) Name of the manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#).
- (iii) Quantity and strength of the drug.
- (iv) Date the drug was donated.

- (v) Name of the eligible facility that donated the drug.
- (b) The name, address, telephone number, and license number of the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic receiving the donated prescription drug.
- (c) The name and license number of the responsible pharmacist authorized to receive the donated prescription drug.
- (d) The pharmacist or facility manager responsible for the eligible facility or manufacturer shall attest to the following statement, "I certify that the prescription drugs for donation are eligible for donation and meet the requirements for prescription drugs under the program, including storage requirements."

R 338.3621d Destruction form; requirements.

R 21d. (1) The destruction form must include all of the following:

- (a) The name, address, telephone number, and license number of the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic.
 - (b) The name, license number, and dated signature of the responsible pharmacist.
 - (c) The following information for each donated prescription drug that is destroyed:
 - (i) The brand name or generic name of the drug.
 - (ii) The name of manufacturer or national drug code number (ndc#).
 - (iii) The quantity and strength of the drug.

R 338.3623 Eligible participants; requirements. Rescinded.

Rule 23. The eligible participant shall complete the eligible participant form attesting to the following statements:

- (a) The eligible participant is a resident of the state of Michigan.
- (b) The eligible participant is eligible to receive medicare or medicaid or does not have insurance or prescription drug coverage. Verification or written documentation shall not be required.
- (c) The eligible participant acknowledges that the drugs have been donated.
- -(d) The eligible participant consents to a waiver of the requirement for child resistant packaging, as required by the poison prevention packaging act, 15 U.S.C. §1471–1477.

R 338.3625 Dispensing donated prescription drugs; requirements.

- Rule 25. (1) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall dispense **a** donated prescription drugsdrug in compliance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations for dispensing prescription drugs, including all requirements relating to packaging, labeling, record keeping, drug utilization review, and patient counseling.
- (32) The department and a local participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall remove any patient identifying information from the package prior tobefore dispensing the drugs.
- (43) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall not resell a Prescription drugs donated prescription drug under this program shall not be resold; however, a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may collect a handling fee pursuant tounder the terms of R 338.3627.

R 338.3627 Handling fee.

- Rule 27. (1) A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may charge the eligible participant receiving a donated prescription drug a handling fee, not to exceed the reasonable costs of participating in the program, including, but not limited to, the current and anticipated costs of educating eligible donors, providing technical support to participating donors, shipping and handling, labor, storage, licensing, utilities, advertising, technology, supplies, and equipment. a maximum of 300% of the medicaid standard pharmacy dispensing fee as established by the Michigan department of community health, to cover stocking and dispensing costs., provided that the A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall use reasonable efforts to ensure the handling fee does not exceed the total cost of obtaining the same drug outside the program.
- (2) A copy of the medicaid drug dispensing fees can be obtained from the Michigan department of **health and human services** community health, 201 Townsend Street, Lansing, Michigan 48913 or on the department's website at http://www.michigan.gov/mdch/0,1607,7-132-2945-42542-42543-42546-42551-151019--,00.html.
- (3) A **handling fee charged for a donated** prescription drug dispensed through the program shall is not be eligible for reimbursement under the medical assistance program.
- (4) The eligible participant shall not be charged a handling fee if the eligible participant is receiving a professional sample which is distributed to patients at the same charitable clinic whom are ineligible for the program without a handling fee.
- R 338.3629 Donation to other participating pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- Rule 29. The originating A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic may donate prescription drugs that they have received donated under this the program to other participating pharmacies or charitable clinics for use pursuant tounder the program. The participating pharmacy or charitable clinic donating the prescription drugs shall complete a transfer form required under R 338.3621c.
- R 338.3631 Registry; creation.
- Rule 31. The department shall establish and maintain a participating pharmacy and charitable clinic registry for the program on the department's website. The registry shallmust include the name, address, and telephone number of the participating pharmacy's or charitable clinic and 's name, address, and telephone number, and the contact name of the name of the responsible pharmacist.
- R 338.3633 Collection of prescription drugs and other medication for destruction and disposal; requirements; limitations.
- Rule 33. (1) Pursuant to Under section 17776 of the code, MCL 333.17776, a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall accept from anya person a prescription drug or any otheranother medication that is ineligible for distribution under the program for destruction and disposal.
- (2) Unless permittedallowed by federal law, controlled substances shallmust not be collected by a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic for destruction and disposal.
- (3) If a participating pharmacy or charitable clinic accepts a chemotherapeutic agent for destruction, the chemotherapeutic agent shallmust not be mixed with other prescription drugs

collected for disposal under the program. The chemotherapeutic agent shallmust be mixed with the participating pharmacy's or charitable clinic's hazardous waste.

(4) The A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic that collects prescription drugs and other medications for destruction and disposal shall collect the prescription drugs and medications collection shall occur on-site at the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic and shall follow according to these rules and all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

R 338.3635 Collection device; requirements.

- Rule 35. A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall utilize a collection device to collect prescription drugs and other medications that are ineligible for distribution under the program for destruction and disposal that meets all of the following eriteriar equirements:
- (a) Is designed to allow prescription drugs and other medications to be added to the device but allow only authorized personnel to remove the contents from the collection device to be added to the device but not removed, except by authorized personnel for the purpose of destruction and disposal.
- (b) Is labeled pursuant toconsistent with all applicable state and federal laws and regulationsand contains the following statement prominently on the collection device, "Controlled substances cannot be accepted for destruction and disposal, unless allowed under federal law." and "Chemotherapeutic agents must not be placed in this collection device."
- (c) Is lined with a removable liner that is waterproof, tamper-evident, tear resistant, and capable of being sealed.
- (d) The contents of the linercollection device must shall not be viewable from the outside of the collection device and the size or capacity of the liner shall collection device must be clearly marked on the outside of the linercollection device.
- (d) Is secured in a manner that will only allow authorized personnel to remove the contents of the container for the purpose of destruction and disposal.
- (e) Uses a design that is Is tamper resistant and is securely locked.
- (f) Is securely fastened to a permanent structure within the designated pharmacy area so that it cannot be removed.
- (g) Is consistently monitored by security features and pharmacy personnel.
- (h) The following statements shall be prominently placed on the collection device and shall **must** be posted as signage near the location of the collection device, "Controlled substances cannot be accepted for destruction and disposal, unless permitted allowed under federal law." and "Chemotherapeutic agents shallmust not be placed in this collection device."
- (i) The collection device for the yellow jug old drugs program operated by the Great Lakes elean water organization is deemed to satisfys the requirements of this rule, provided the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic is a compliant participant in the yellow jugs old drugs program.

R 338.3637 Access; destruction of collected drugs.

Rule 37. (1) A An individual shall access a collection device utilizing a removable liner shall only be accessed for the following purposes:

- (a) To remove the contents to process for safe, effective, and immediate transportation.
- (b) To immediately transfer the contents to a waste disposal facility.

- (c) To immediately transfer the contents to a responsible third partyindividual for transportation to a waste disposal facility.
- (2) A collection device utilizing a removable liner shallmust only be accessed as follows:
- (a) The access shallmust be done by two2 personnel, one1 of whom shall beis a licensed pharmacist, designated by the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- (b) Upon being accessed, the liner shallmust be immediately sealed and the weight of the contents immediately recorded in the destruction and disposal log. A copy of the destruction log shallmust be transferred with the sealed contents.
- (3) A collection device for the yellow jug old drugs program operated by the Great Lakes clean water organization shall be weighed at the time the collection device leaves the pharmacy and the weight shall be recorded in the destruction and disposal log. The participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall comply with all requirements of the yellow jug old drugs program.
- (43) Within 1 year of collection, the contents of the collection device shallmust be transferred to a waste disposal facility for destruction.
- (54) The contents of the collection device shallmust be destroyed pursuant tounder all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- R 338.3639 Record keeping; policy and procedures; destruction and disposal log. Rule 39. (1) In addition to the policy and procedure requirements in R 338.3617 and R 338.3619, a A participating pharmacy or charitable clinic shall maintain a destruction and disposal log that includes all of the following information:
- (a) **The name**Name, telephone number, address, and state of Michigan license or registration number of the participating pharmacy or charitable clinic.
- (b) The dateDate, time, and weight of the contents of the collection device each time the contents of the collection device are removed for destruction.
- (c) The name, telephone number, and address of anya person third party responsible for transporting the contents to the waste disposal facility.
- (d) The name, telephone number, and address of the waste disposal facility where the contents of the collection device were transferred.
- (2) Copies of all contracts with transporters and waste disposal facilities shallmust be stored with the destruction log, as applicable.

R 338.3641 Transportation.

Rule 41. The contents of the collection device shallmust be transferred to a waste disposal facility pursuant tounder all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

R 338.3643 Department of **health and** human services and department of community health; inclusion in rule-making process.

Rule 43. The department shall notify the director of the department of **heath and** human services and the director of the department of community health of an approved request for rule-making under MCL 24.239 for rule promulgation affecting eligible facilities or mental health or substance abuse clients. The department of **health and** human services and the department of community health shall provide any input regarding the rule promulgation to the department within 30 days of after receipt of notification of the approved request for rule-making.

DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

BOARD OF PHARMACY

PHARMACY – CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

Filed with the secretary of state on

These rules take effectbecome effective immediately uponafter filing with the secretary of state unless adopted under section 33, 44, or 45a(9) of the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.233, 24.244, or 24.245a. Rules adopted under these sections become effective 7 days after filing with the secretary of state.

(By authority conferred on the **director of the department of licensing and regulatory affairs and the** board of pharmacy by sections 7106, 7109, 7203, 7216, 7301, 7303, 7303a, 7321, 7333, 7333a, and 17754 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7106, 333.7109, 333.7203, 333.7216, 333.7301, 333.7303, 333.7303a, 333.7321, 333.7333, 333.7333a, and 333.17754, and Executive Reorganization Order Nos. 1991-9, 1996-2, 2003-1, and 2011-4, MCL 338.3501, 445.2001, 445.2011, and 445.2030)

R 338.3101, R 338.3102, R 338.3104, R 338.3108, R 338.3111, R 338.3132, R 338.3135, R 338.3141, R 338.3143, R 338.3145, R 338.3151, R 338.3153, R 338.3153a, R 338.3154, R 338.3161, R 338.3161a, R 338.3162, R 338.3162a, 338.3162b, R 338.3162c, R 338.3162d, R 338.3163, R 338.3164, R 338.3165, R 338.3166, R 338.3167, R 338.3170, R 338.3181, R 338.3183, and R 338.3185, of the Michigan Administrative Code are amended, and R 338.3137 is rescinded as follows:

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R 338.3101 Definitions; A to H.

Rule 1. As used in these rules:

- (a) "ASAP" means the American Society for Automation in Pharmacy.
- (ab) "Automated device" means a mechanical system that performs an operation or activity, other than compounding or administration, relating to the storage, packaging, dispensing, or delivery of a drug and that collects, controls, and maintains transaction information.
 - (bc) "Board" means the board of pharmacy.
- (d) "CMS" means the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- (ee) "Code" means the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.1101 to 333.25211.
- (f) "CSA" means the Controlled Substance Act of 1970, 21 USC 801.
- (g) "DEA" means the Federal Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (dh) "Department" means the department of licensing and regulatory affairs (LARA).
- (ei) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by an individual with the

intent to sign the record. An electronic signature also is a unique identifier protected by appropriate security measures such that it is only available for use by the intended individual and ensures nonrepudiation so that the signature may not be rejected based on its validity.

- (j) "FDA" means the Federal Food and Drug Administration.
- (k) "FDCA" means the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of 2017, 21 USC 360.

R 338.3102 Definitions; I to P.

Rule 2. As used in these rules:

- (a) "Inventory" means all stocks in finished form of a controlled substance that are manufactured or otherwise acquired by a licensee, whether in bulk or commercial containers or contained in pharmaceutical preparations in the possession of the licensee.
- (b) "Licensee" means a person who is licensed pursuant tounder section 7303 of the code, MCL 333.7303.
 - (c) "MAPS" means the Michigan automated prescription system.
- (ed) "Michigan automated prescription system (MAPS) claim form" means a form, to be determined by the department, that is in the format and includes the information as specified by the American Society for Automation in Pharmacy (ASAP) 4.1 Standard for Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and contains the information specified in R 338.3162b.
- (e) "Medical institution" means the term as defined in R 338.486.
- (df) "NDC" means a National drug code number (NDC)" means a number that identifies the labeler, vendor, product, and package size and is assigned to each drug product listed under section 510 Registration of Producers of Drugs and Devices, of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA) of 2017, 21 USC 360.
- (eg) "Officer" means a federal, state, county, or local law enforcement officer who enforces the laws of this state.
 - (\$\frac{1}{4}\) "Patient identifier" means all of the following information about a patient:
 - (i) Full name.
 - (ii) Address, including zip code.
 - (iii) Date of birth.
 - (iv) Any 10ne of the following identification numbers:
- (A) A state-issued driver's license number obtained from a state-issued driver's license.
- (B) A state-issued identification number obtained from a state-issued photo identification card.
 - (C) A federal passport number obtained from a federal passport.
- (D) The number zero. Zeroes must be entered as the identification number, if the positive identification presented for the patient or client does not include a license number, identification number, or passport number as listed in subparagraphs (A) to (C) of this paragraph, the patient is under the age of 16, or the animal's owner cannot be identified.
- (i) "Pharmacy services" means the direct and indirect patient care services associated with the practice of pharmacy, as defined in section 17707 of the code, MCL 333.17707.

- (gj) "Positive identification" means identification that includes a photograph of an individual in addition to his or herthe individual's date of birth. Positive identification includes an identification card issued by a governmental agency, if the identification card meets the requirements of this rule.
 - (h) "Medical institution" means the term as defined in R 338.486.
- (i) "Pharmacy services" means the direct and indirect patient care services associated with the practice of pharmacy, as defined in section 17707 of the code, MCL 333.17707.

R 338.3104 Definitions; R, S.

Rule 4. As used in these rules:

- (a) "Readily retrievable" means a record whichthat is keptmaintained so that it and can be separated from all other records within 48 hours and in which a listed controlled substance that is marked with an asterisk, redlined, or in some other manner visually identifiable apart from the other substances listed in the record.
- (b) "Substance" means a controlled substance unless the context indicates otherwise.

R 338.3108 Terms defined in code.

Rule 8. Unless otherwise defined in these rules, the terms defined in the code have the same meaning when if used in these rules.

PART 2. SCHEDULES

- R 338.3111 Schedules; federal controlled substance schedules adopt by reference; exceptions.
- Rule 11. (1) The board approves and adopts by reference the complete list of drugs and other substances that are considered controlled substances under the Controlled Substance Act (CSA) of 1970, 21 USC 801, that have been divided into 5 schedules as published in 21 CFR 1308.11 to 1308.15, except for those drugs or other substances specifically excepted by this state's laws enacted after the effective date of these rules or as listed in subrule (3) of this rule.
- (2) The standards adopted by reference in subrule (1) of this rule are available at no cost at https://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/21cfr/cfr/2108cfrt.htm, or at 10 cents per page from the Board of Pharmacy, Bureau of Professional Licensing, Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, Ottawa Building, 611 West Ottawa, P.O. Box 30670, Lansing, Michigan 48909.
- (3) The following drugs and other substances are scheduled as follows:
- (a) Marijuana including pharmaceutical-grade cannabis, as those terms are defined in parts 71 and 81 of the code, MCL 333.7101 to 333.7125 and MCL 333.8101 to 333.8119, is a schedule 2 controlled substance if it is manufactured, obtained, stored, dispensed, possessed, grown, or disposed of in compliance with the code and as allowed by federal authority but only for the purpose of treating a debilitating medical condition as that term is defined in section 3(b) of the Michigan medical marihuana act, 2008 IL 1, MCL 333.26423, and as allowed under the code.
- (b) Tianeptine sodium by whatever official, common, usual, chemical, or brand name designated is a schedule 2 controlled substance.

- (c) Gabapentin by whatever official, common, usual, chemical, or brand name designated is a schedule 5 controlled substance.
- (d) Loperamide is not a scheduled controlled substance in this state.
- (e) Pentazocine is a schedule 4 controlled substance.
- (f) Brorphine is a schedule 1 controlled substance.
- (g) Except in subdivision (h) of this subrule, ephedrine, a salt of ephedrine, an optical isomer of ephedrine, a salt of an optical isomer of ephedrine, or a compound, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine, a salt of ephedrine, an optical isomer of ephedrine, or a salt of an optical isomer of ephedrine is included in schedule 5.
- (h) A product containing ephedrine, a salt of ephedrine, an optical isomer of ephedrine, or a salt of an optical isomer of ephedrine is not included in schedule 5 if the drug product meets all of the following criteria:
 - (i) May lawfully be sold over the counter without a prescription under federal law.
- (ii) Is labeled and marketed in a manner consistent with the pertinent over-the-counter tentative final or final monograph.
- (iii) Is manufactured and distributed for legitimate medical use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood for abuse.
- (iv) Is not marketed, advertised, or labeled for an indication of stimulation, mental alertness, energy, weight loss, appetite control, or muscle enhancement.
 - (v) The drug product is 1 of the following:
- (A) A solid dosage form, including, but not limited to, a soft gelatin caplet that combines as active ingredients not less than 400 milligrams of guaifenesin and not more than 25 milligrams of ephedrine per dose and is packaged in blister packs with not more than 2 tablets or caplets per blister.
 - (B) An anorectal preparation containing not more than 5% ephedrine.
- (C) A food product or a dietary supplement containing ephedrine, if the food product or dietary supplement meets all of the following criteria:
- (I) Contains, per dosage unit or serving, not more than the lesser of 25 milligrams of ephedrine alkaloids or the maximum amount of ephedrine alkaloids in applicable regulations adopted by the Federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and contains no other controlled substance.
 - (II) Does not contain hydrochloride or sulfate salts of ephedrine alkaloids.
- (III) Is packaged with a prominent label securely affixed to each package that includes all of the following:
 - (1) The amount in milligrams of ephedrine in a serving or dosage unit.
- (2) The amount of the food product or dietary supplement that constitutes a serving or dosage unit.
- (3) That the maximum recommended dosage of ephedrine for a healthy adult human is the lesser of 100 milligrams in a 24-hour period or the maximum recommended dosage or period of use in applicable regulations adopted by the FDA.
- (4) That improper use of the product may be hazardous to an individual's health.

PART 3. LICENSES

R 338.3132 Controlled substance license.

- Rule 32. (1) A person who manufactures, distributes, prescribes, or dispenses a controlled substance in this state or who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution, prescribing, or dispensing of a controlled substance in this state shall apply for a controlled substance license by submitting to the department a completed application on a form provided by the department along with the requisite fee.
- (2) In addition to meeting the requirements of section 7303 of the code, MCL 333.7303, an applicant's license shallmust be verified by the licensing agency of anya state of the United States in which where the applicant holds or has ever held a controlled substance license. This includes, but is not limited to, showing proof of any disciplinary action taken or pending against the applicant.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in subrules (8) and (9) of this rule, a separate controlled substance license is required in each of the following circumstances:
- (a) For each principal place of business or professional practice where the applicant stores, manufactures, distributes, prescribes, or dispenses controlled substances.
- (b) Manufacturing and distributing a controlled substance in schedules 2-5. An individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, other legal entity, or governmental entity that is licensed in this state to manufacture a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 may also conduct chemical analysis and research with a substance that is listed in the schedules under the same controlled substance license.
- (c) Dispensing a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5. A prescriber or practitioner who is licensed in this state to prescribe or dispense controlled substances listed in schedules 2 to 5 may also prescribe, dispense, administer, and conduct research with those substances under the same controlled substance license.
- (d) Conducting research and instructional activity with a controlled substance listed in schedule 1. An individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, other legal entity, or governmental entity that is licensed in this state to conduct research with controlled substances listed in schedule 1 may do both of the following:
- (i) Manufacture the specific substances as set forth in the research protocol that is filed and approved by the FDA and the DEA pursuant tounder the provisions of 21 CFR 1301.18 and submitted to the department with the application for licensure.
- (ii) Distribute the specific substances to others who are licensed by this state to conduct research or chemical analysis with the schedule 1 substances.
- (e) Conducting research with a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5. An individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, other legal entity, or governmental entity who is licensed in this state to conduct research with the controlled substances listed in schedules 2 to 5 may also participate in all of the following activities:
 - (i) Conduct chemical analysis with the specific substances listed in those schedules.
- (ii) Manufacture the specific substances if, and to the extent that, the manufacture of the specific controlled substances is set forth in a statement filed with the application for licensure.
- (iii) Distribute the specific substances to others who are licensed in this state to conduct research, chemical analysis, or instructional activity with the substances.
 - (iv) Conduct instructional activities with the specific substances.

- (f) Conducting instructional activities with a specific controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5.
- (g) Conducting chemical analysis with a controlled substance listed in anya schedule An individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, other legal entity, or governmental entity that is licensed in this state to conduct chemical analysis with all controlled substances may manufacture the substances for analytical or instructional purposes, distribute the substances to others who are licensed to conduct chemical analysis, instructional activity or research with the substances, and conduct instructional activities with the substances.
- (h) A pharmacy stocking patient medication in an automated device located at an affiliated hospital location pursuant tounder section 17760 of the code, MCL 333.17760, or a hospital, county medical care facility, nursing home, hospice, or other skilled nursing facility as defined in section 20109 of the code, MCL 333.20109. The pharmacy responsible for the device shall obtain an additional controlled substance license for each location. If substances are stored at a health facility without an onsite pharmacy or an automated device stocked by a pharmacy, a designated prescriber shall obtain a controlled substance license.
- (4) An applicant shall obtain a separate controlled substance license for each practitioner license issued under article 15 of the code, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838. The controlled substance license must be renewed whenif the article 15 license is renewed and the controlled substance license is renewed for an equal number of years as the article 15 license.
- (5) An applicant who intends to conduct research involving controlled substances shall submit all of the following with his or herthe application required under subrule (1) of this rule:
 - (a) The applicant's credentials to conduct the proposed research.
- (b) The protocol and description of the nature of the proposed research that is filed and approved by the FDA and the Federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) pursuant tounder the provisions of 21 CFR 1301.18.
 - (c) A list of the controlled substances and doses to be used.
- (6) An applicant who intends to conduct instructional activity involving controlled substances shall submit all of the following information with his or her the application required under subrule (1) of this rule:
 - (a) The applicant's credentials to conduct the proposed instructional activity.
 - (b) A course outline for the proposed instructional activity.
 - (c) A list of the controlled substances and doses to be used.
- (7) An applicant who intends to conduct chemical analysis involving controlled substances shall submit all of the following information with his or herthe application required under subrule (1) of this rule:
 - (a) The applicant's credentials to conduct the proposed chemical analysis.
- (b) The protocol and description of the nature of the chemical analysis that is filed and approved by the FDA and the DEA pursuant tounder the provisions of 21 CFR 1301.18.
 - (c) A list of the controlled substances and doses to be used.
- (8) A prescriber or practitioner who is licensed in this state to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances at a principal place of business or professional practice

consisting of multiple locations is not required to obtain a separate controlled substance license for each additional physical location of the business or professional practice if the prescriber or practitioner only prescribes controlled substances at each additional physical location of the business or professional practice.

- (9) A pharmacist shall maintain 1 controlled substance license in this state to dispense from any licensed pharmacy in this state.
- R 338.3135 Opioids and other controlled substances awareness training standards for prescribers and dispensers of controlled substances; requirements.
- Rule 35. (1) An individual who is applying for a controlled substance license or who is licensed to prescribe or dispense controlled substances pursuant tounder section 7303 of the code, MCL 333.7303, shall complete a 1-time training in opioids and controlled substances awareness that meets the following standards:
 - (a) Training content must cover all of the following topics:
 - (i) Use of opioids and other controlled substances.
 - (ii) Integration of treatments.
 - (iii) Alternative treatments for pain management.
- (iv) Counseling on the effects and risks associated with using opioids and other controlled substances.
 - (v) The stigma of addiction.
 - (vi) Utilizing the MAPS.
- (vii) State and federal laws regarding prescribing and dispensing controlled substances.
- (viii) Security features for opioids and other controlled substances and prescriptions, and proper disposal requirements for opioids and other controlled substances.
- (b) Topics covered under subrule (1)(a) of this rule may be obtained from more than 1 program.
 - (c) Acceptable providers or methods of training include any of the following:
- (i) Training offered by a nationally recognized or state-recognized health-related organization.
 - (ii) Training offered by, or in conjunction with, a state or federal agency.
- (iii) Training offered by a continuing education program or activity that is accepted by a licensing board established under article 15 of the code, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838.
- (iv) Training obtained in an educational program that has been approved by a board established under article 15 of the code, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838, for initial licensure or registration, or by a college or university.
 - (d) Acceptable modalities of training include any of the following:
 - (i) Teleconference or webinar.
 - (ii) Online presentation.
 - (iii) Live presentation.
 - (iv) Printed or electronic media.
- (2) A prescriber or dispenser shall not delegate, allow by a practice agreement, or order the prescribing, or dispensing of a controlled substance as allowed by the code to an individual, other than a physician's assistant, only after the individual has complied with

subrules (1) and (5) of this rule. A physician's assistant is subject to subrules (1), (3), and (4) of this rule.

- (3) The department may select and audit licensees and request documentation of proof of completion of training. A licensee shall maintain proof of completion of training for 3 renewal periods plus 1 additional year. If audited, an individual shall provide an acceptable proof of completion of training, including either 1 of the following:
- (a) A completion certificate issued by the training provider that includes the date, provider name, name of training, and individual's name.
- (b) A self-attestation by the individual that includes the date, provider name, name of training, and individual's name.
- (4) An individual who has been issued a controlled substance license pursuant to**under** section 7303 of the code, MCL 333.7303, shall complete the controlled substance training required by subrule (1) of this rule as follows:
- (a) A licensee who is renewing his or hera controlled substance license shall complete the controlled substance training by the end of the first renewal cycle that begins after January 4, 2019.
- (b) Other than a license renewal under subdivision (a) of this subrule, beginning September 1, 2019, the department shall not issue a controlled substance license until an applicant provides proof of having completed the controlled substance training.
- (5) Beginning December 31, 2021, an individual, other than a physician's assistant, who is a delegatee, or allowed by a practice agreement or an order to prescribe or dispense a controlled substance by a prescriber or dispenser as allowed by the code, shall complete the controlled substance training required by subrule (1) of this rule.
- (6) An individual who is licensed under section 7303 of the code, MCL 333.7303, to prescribe or dispense controlled substances only for research on animals is exempt from this rule.

R 338.3137 Eliminate drug treatment program prescriber license requirement. **Rescinded.**

Rule 37. The drug treatment program prescriber license is eliminated.

PART 4. SECURITY

R 338.3141 Thefts and diversions.

- Rule 41. (1) An applicant or licensee shall provide effective controls against theft and diversion of controlled substances.
- (2) A licensee shall confirm that a person is licensed to possess a controlled substance before distributing the substance to the person.
- (3) Within 15 days of completion of an investigation regarding a suspected theft or significant loss of a controlled substance, a licensee shall notify the department of the suspected theft or significant loss of a controlled substance and submit a copy of the DEA theft and loss report form 106, or equivalent document, to the department, whether or not the controlled substance is recovered or the responsible personindividual is identified and action is taken against him or herthe responsible individual, and whether or not it is also reported to the DEA.

- (4) A licensee shall use all of the following criteria to determine if the loss in subrule (3) of this rule is significant:
 - (a) The quantity of the controlled substance lost in relation to the type of business.
 - (b) The specific controlled substance lost.
- (c) Whether the loss of the controlled substance can be associated with access to the controlled substance by specific individuals, or whether the loss can be attributed to unique activities that may take place involving the controlled substance.
- (d) A pattern of loss over a specific time period, whether the loss appears to be random, and the results of efforts taken to resolve the loss.
 - (e) Whether the specific controlled substance is a likely candidate for diversion.
- (f) Local trends and other indicators of the diversion potential of the missing controlled substance.

R 338.3143 Storage of controlled substances.

- Rule 43. (1) A licensee shall store controlled substances that are listed in schedule 1 in a securely locked, substantially constructed cabinet that is anchored to a wall or the floor.
- (2) A licensee shall store controlled substances that are listed in schedules 2, 3, 4, and 5 in a securely locked, substantially constructed cabinet, room, or cart. However, in a pharmacy, the controlled substances may be dispersed throughout the stock of noncontrolled non-controlled substances in a manner to obstruct the theft or diversion of controlled substances.

R 338.3145 Employees; disqualification.

- Rule 45. (1) An individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, other legal entity, or governmental entity who is licensed by the department pursuant tounder section 7303 of the code, MCL 333.7303, or section 17748 of the code, MCL 333.17748, shall not employ or utilize, with or without compensation, or allow the following individuals access to controlled substances:
- (a) An individual who the licensee knows, or should reasonably know, to be a substance abuser as defined in section 16106a of the code, MCL 333.16106a. This subdivision does not apply to a licensee enrolled in the health professional recovery program under a current monitoring agreement.
 - (b) An individual whose controlled substance license is suspended, revoked, or denied.
- (c) An individual whose license issued by this state or another state is under suspension or revoked for a violation that involves controlled substances.
- (d) An individual who has been convicted of a crime that involves controlled substances and who is currently under sentence for that conviction.
- (2) A licensee shall not delegate, pursuant tounder section 16215 of the code, MCL 333.16215, to a licensed or unlicensed individual unless the delegation complies with this rule.

PART 5. RECORDS

R 338.3151 Inventories.

Rule 51. (1) An individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, other legal entity, or governmental entity licensed to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or

dispense controlled substances shall annually perform and maintain a complete and accurate inventory of all stocks of controlled substances in the possession and control of the licensee.

- (2) The inventory must contain a complete and accurate record of all controlled substances in the possession or control of the licensee on the date the inventory is taken as follows:
- (a) If the substance is listed in schedule 1 or 2, then the licensee shall make an exact count or measure of the contents.
- (b) If the substance is listed in schedule 3, 4, or 5, then the licensee shall make an estimated count or measure of the contents, but if the container holds more than 1,000 dosage units, then the licensee shall make an accurate account of the contents.
- (3) A licensee shall make a separate inventory for each licensed location on the date that he or shethe licensee first engages in the activity covered by his or herthe license, including a change of a pharmacist in charge. The beginning inventory record for a licensed location shallmust be keptmaintained at the licensed location and a copy shallmust be forwarded to the department uponon request.
- (4) A licensee shall indicate on the inventory record whether the inventory was taken at the opening or closing of the day that the inventory is taken.
- (5) A licensee shall maintain the inventory in a written, typewritten, or printed form at the licensed location. The inventory taken by use of an oral recording device must be promptly transcribed.
 - (6) A licensee shall sign and date the inventory record.
- (7) A licensee's printed name, address, and DEA number shallmust be recorded on the inventory.
- (8) Schedule 2 drugs must be separated on the inventory from all other drugs.
- (9) A licensee that is open for 24 hours shall indicate the time that the inventory was taken.
- (10) On the effective date of the addition of a controlled substance to a schedule, which substance that was not previously listed in anya schedule, a licensee who possesses the substance shall take an inventory of all stocks of the substance on hand and incorporate it in the current inventory. Thereafter, the substance shall must be included in each inventory taken.
- R 338.3153 Invoices, acquisition, dispensing, administration, and distribution records. Rule 53. (1) For 2 years, a licensee shall maintain in the pharmacy responsible for the automated device, for review by the department, an agency, or the board, all records for controlled substances, including invoices, and acquisition records, and patient sales receipts, as follows:
- (a) A licensee may keep acquisition records, except for executed or voided DEA 222 order forms, in an electronic form at a central location with notice to the department.
- (b) A licensee shall maintain invoices and other acquisition records of all controlled substances listed in schedules 1 and 2 in a separate file from invoices and other acquisition records of controlled substances listed in schedules 3, 4, and 5. The information must be readily retrievable from the ordinary acquisition records maintained by the dispenser.
 - (c) A licensee shall retain sales receipts for 90 days in electronic or paper form.

- (dc) A licensee shall initial or electronically initial the invoice and indicate the date that the controlled substances are received.
- (2) A licensee shall maintain in the pharmacy for review by the department, an agency, or the board, patient sales receipts and dispensing records as follows:
- (a) A licensee shall retain patient sales receipts for 90 days in electronic or paper form.
- (e)(b) A licensee shall keep a record, which may be electronic, of all controlled substances dispensed by him or herthe licensee.
- (f)(c) A licensee that prescribes controlled substances shall keep a record separate from the patient chart whichthat contains all of the following information for controlled substances dispensed or administered by the prescriber:
 - (i) Name of the patient.
 - (ii) Name and strength of the controlled substance.
 - (iii) Quantity of the controlled substance.
 - (iv) Date the controlled substance was dispensed or administered.
 - (v) Name of the individual who dispensed or administered the controlled substance.
- (g)(d) Except in medical institutions, a licensee shall sequentially number and maintain in chronological order the patients' original prescriptions as follows:
- (i) A licensee shall maintain a separate file for dispensed substances listed in schedule 2.
- (ii) A licensee shall maintain a separate file for dispensed substances listed in schedules 3, 4, and 5.
- (h)(3) The licensee shall keep the original prescription record on site for 5 years from after the last date of dispensing. However, after 2 years from after the last date of dispensing, if an electronic duplicate is made of the original paper prescription, which becomes the original prescription, the original prescription may be destroyed a licensee may make an electronic duplicate of the original paper prescription, which becomes the original prescription.
- (i)(4) A licensee shall maintain records of controlled substances distributed to another licensee, which shall that must include all of the following information and be maintained in the appropriate file described in subdivision (1)(b) of this rule or in a separate record that is available for inspection:
 - (i) Name, address, and DEA number of receiver.
 - (ii) Name, address, and DEA number of supplier.
 - (iii) Name and quantity of the controlled substances distributed.
 - (iv) Date the controlled substances were distributed.
 - (†5) A DEA 222 order form must be used for schedule 2 drugs.
- (k) Except for controlled substance prescriptions pursuant to subdivision (h) of this rule, a licensee shall maintain controlled substances records for 2 years.
- R 338.3153a Medication orders for patients in medical institutions.
- Rule 53a. (1) A licensee shall include all of the following information in a prescription for controlled substance medications to be dispensed for administration to an inpatient in a medical institution:
 - (a) The patient's name.

- (b) The prescriber's name, address, and DEA number. In place of including the address and DEA number on each medication order, the pharmacy may maintain a separate list of prescribers. The list must contain the prescriber's name, address, and DEA number.
 - (c) The prescriber's signature.
 - (d) The name, dose, and frequency of administration of the medication.
 - (e) The date of the medication order.
- (2) If alternative therapy has been evaluated and the immediate administration of a controlled substance, including a schedule 2 medication, is necessary for the proper treatment of a patient, then a pharmacist may dispense the controlled substance for administration to the inpatient if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (a) The oral order of the prescriber is committed to a written or electronic order in the patient chart by a nurse licensed under part 172 of the code, MCL 333.17201 to 333.17242, a physician's assistant licensed under part 170 of the code, MCL 333.17001 to 333.17097, or part 175 of the code, MCL 333.17501 to 333.17556, or a pharmacist licensed under part 177 of the code, MCL 333.17701 to 333.17780, who has communicated directly with the prescriber.
- (b) The order states the name of the prescriber and the name of the nurse, physician's assistant, or pharmacist who received the verbal order.
 - (c) The order is forwarded to the pharmacy.
 - (d) The prescriber signs the original order at the next visit or within 7 days.
- (3) A licensee shall preserve an original order for a period of 5 years from after the patient discharge date and the original order must be readily retrievable. After 2 years, a licensee may make an electronic duplicate of the original order which that becomes the original order. If a licensee maintains patient records electronically, then a printed copy must be immediately available for a current inpatient and within 48 hours uponon request of an authorized agent of the board for anya patient discharged in the last of the previous 5 years.

R 338.3154 Medication records in medical institutions.

- Rule 54. (1) A patient's chart shallmust constitute a record of medications ordered for, and actually administered to, a patient of medical institutions.
- (2) Medication records are required for all controlled substances listed in schedules 2, 3, 4, and 5. At a minimum, these records must include all of the following information:
 - (a) The number of doses of controlled substances purchased.
- (b) The number of doses dispensed to individual patients or distributed to nursing stations or both.
 - (c) The number of doses administered.
 - (d) The number of doses dispensed, but not administered, to the patient.
- (3) If the controlled substance is not dispensed to an individual patient, all of the following provisions must be complied with:
- (a) Medication records for those controlled substances in schedules 2, 3, 4, and 5 must be maintained.
- (b) Distribution of a controlled substance to a nursing unit may not be more than 25 doses per container.
- (c) A distribution record for each multiple of 25 doses must be used to account for delivery to a nursing unit. The record must include all of the following information:

- (i) The name and dose of the controlled substance.
- (ii) The quantity of the substance.
- (iii) The date of delivery.
- (iv) The location of the nursing unit.
- (v) The name of the distributing pharmacy and address if a different location from the medical institution.
 - (vi) Name of distributing pharmacist.
 - (vii) The name of the individual on the nursing unit who receives the substance.
- (d) A proof of use record must be maintained to account for all doses of an administered substance. The record must include all of the following:
 - (i) The name of the substance.
 - (ii) The dose administered.
 - (iii) The date and time a dose was administered.
 - (iv) The name of the patient.
 - (v) The signature of the individual who administered the dose.
 - (e) Subrule 3 of this rule does not apply to automated devices.
- (4) A controlled substance that is maintained at a nursing unit must be stored in a securely locked cabinet or medication cart that is accessible only to an individual who is responsible for the administration or distribution of the medication.
- (5) If a controlled substance is dispensed from an automated device, then documentation of all of the following must be maintained on-site in the pharmacy responsible for the automated device for 2 years for review by the department, an agency, or the board:
- (a) The name and address of the pharmacy or facility responsible for the operation of the automated device.
 - (b) The manufacturer name, serial number, and model number of the automated device.
- (c) The location name and address of the facility where the automated device is located.
 - (d) The contents of the automated device.
- (e) The quality assurance policy and procedure to determine continued appropriate use and performance of the automated device that includes all of the following quality assurance documentation for the use and performance of the automated device:
- (i) Use of monitors that alert the user whenif the wrong medication is filled or removed for administration to a patient.
- (ii) Use of security monitors that include an alert for unauthorized access, patients not in the system, system security breaches, and controlled substance audits.
- (iii) Corrective measures to address issues and errors identified in the internal quality assurance program.
 - (f) The policy and procedure for system operation that includes all of the following:
 - (i) Safety.
- (ii) Security systems and procedures that include prevention of unauthorized access or use and comply with federal and state regulations.
 - (iii) Accuracy.
 - (iv) Patient confidentiality.
 - (v) Access.
 - (vi) Type of controlled substances.
 - (vii) Data retention or archival.

- (viii) Definitions.
- (ix) Downtime procedures.
- (x) Emergency procedures.
- (xi) Operator inspections.
- (xii) Installation requirements.
- (xiii) Maintenance.
- (xiv) Medication security.
- (xv) Medication inventory.
- (xvi) Staff education and training.
- (xvii) System set-up and malfunction.
- (xviii) List of medications qualifying for emergency dose removal without pharmacist prior review of the prescription or medication order.
- (xix) The use of the automated device that includes a requirement that a pharmacist review a prescription or medication order before system profiling or removal of any medication from the automated device for immediate patient administration, except in the following situations where a pharmacist shall review the orders and authorize any further dispensing within 48 hours:
- (A) The automated device is being used as an after-hours cabinet for medication dispensing in the absence of a pharmacist under R 338.486(4)(j).
 - (B) The system is being used in place of an emergency kit under R 338.486(4)(c).
- (C) The system is being accessed to remove medication required to treat the emergent needs of a patient under R 338.486(4)(c). A sufficient quantity to meet the emergent needs of the patient may be removed until a pharmacist is available to review the medication order.
- (g) The automated device must maintain transaction data that includes all activity regarding access to the contents of the automated device.
- (h) The pharmacy responsible for the automated device shall maintain records related to access to the automated device. The records must be readily retrievable and must include all of the following information:
 - (i) The unique identity of the device.
 - (ii) Identification of the individual accessing the automated device.
 - (iii) The type of transaction.
 - (iv) The name, strength, dosage form, and quantity of the drug accessed.
 - (v) The name of the patient.
- (vi) The identification of the pharmacist checking for the accuracy of the medications to be stocked or restocked in the automated device.
 - (vii) Any other information Information the pharmacist considers necessary.
- (i) For medication removed from the automated device for on-site patient administration, the automated device must document all of the following information:
 - (i) The name of the patient.
 - (ii) The date and time medication was removed from the automated device.
 - (iii) The name, initials, or other unique identifier of the individual removing the drug.
- (iv) The name, strength, and dosage form of the drug. The documentation may be on paper or electronic medium.
- (j) If the pharmacist delegates the stocking of the automated device, then technologies must be in place and utilized to ensure that the correct drugs are stocked in their

appropriate assignment utilizing bar-coding or another a board-approved error prevention technology.

- (k) The automated device must provide a mechanism for securing and accounting for controlled substances removed from the automated device return bin. Controlled substances may not be returned directly to the automated device for immediate reissue or reuse. Controlled substances removed from the automated device may not be reused or reissued, except as indicated in R 338.486(7).
- (l) The automated device must provide a mechanism for securing and accounting for wasted or discarded medications.
- (6) An individual who is responsible for administering a controlled substance or a portion thereof shall record the quantity, disposition and an explanation of the destruction of the controlled substance on the proper accountability record. If the institution has a policy that reflects current practice standards and delineates the method of destruction, an explanation would only be required if policy was not followed.

PART 6. DISPENSING AND ADMINISTERING CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE PRESCRIPTIONS

R 338.3161 Controlled substance prescriptions.

- Rule 61. (1) A prescription that is issued for a controlled substance must be dated and signed by the prescriber, when if issued, and contain all of the following information:
- (a) The full name and address of the patient for whom the substance is being prescribed.
- (b) The prescriber's DEA registration number, preprinted, stamped, typed, or manually printed name, address, **and** telephone number or pager number, and professional designation.
 - (c) The drug name, strength, and dosage form.
- (d) The quantity prescribed. For a paper prescription received in writing, the prescription must contain the quantity in both written and numerical terms. A paper prescription **complies if it** must contain preprinted numbers representative of the quantity next to a box or line that the prescriber may check.
 - (e) The directions for use.
- (f) If the prescription is for an animal, then the species of the animal and the full name and address of the owner.
- (2) A written prescription for a controlled substance in schedules 2 to 5 shallmust be written legibly with ink or an indelible pencil or prepared using a printer and signed by the prescriber.
- (3) An agent of the prescriber may prepare a prescription for the signature of the prescriber, but, pursuant tounder the code, the prescriber is liable if the prescription does not conform to these rules. A pharmacist who dispenses a controlled substance pursuant tounder a prescription not prepared in the form required by these rules is liable pursuant tounder the code.
- (4) If the controlled substance prescription or order in a medical institution is issued pursuant tounder delegation, then the printed name of the delegatee, the licensure designation, the delegating prescriber, and the signature of the delegatee shallmust be on

the written prescription. In medical facilities, orders must contain the signatures of the delegatee and the printed name of the delegating prescriber.

- (5) A prescriber shall not issue a prescription to obtain a stock of a controlled substance for the purpose of dispensing or administering the substance to patients.
- (6) The professional designation for the prescribing practitioner must be stored electronically.

R 338.3161a. Exception to bona fide prescriber-patient relationship; alternative requirements.

- Rule 61a. (1) Except as provided in (2) and for a patient who is under the care of a hospice, a A bona fide prescriber-patient relationship is required before a licensed prescriber may prescribe a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5.
- (2) Pursuant to Under Section 16204e of the code, MCL 333.16204e, a licensed prescriber may prescribe a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 without first establishing the bona fide prescriber-patient relationship required under Section 7303a of the code, MCL 333.7303a, in the following situations:
- (a) The prescriber is providing on-call coverage or cross-coverage for another prescriber who is not available and has established a bona fide prescriber-patient relationship with the patient for whom the on-call or covering prescriber is prescribing a controlled substance, the prescriber, or an individual licensed under article 15 of the code, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838, reviews the patient's relevant medical or clinical records, medical history, and any-change in medical condition, and provides documentation in the patient's medical record pursuant toconsistent with medically accepted standards of care.
- (b) The prescriber is following or modifying the orders of a prescriber who has established a bona fide prescriber-patient relationship with a hospital in-patient or nursing care facility resident and provides documentation in the patient's medical record pursuant toconsistent with medically accepted standards of care.
- (c) The prescriber is prescribing for a patient that has been admitted to a licensed nursing care facility, completes the tasks identified in subrule (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this rule in compliance with R 325.45377, as applicable, and provides documentation in the patient's medical record pursuant toconsistent with medically accepted standards of care.
- (d) The prescriber is prescribing for a patient for whom the tasks listed in subrule (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this rule have been are performed by an individual licensed under article-15 of the code, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838, and the prescriber provides documentation in the patient's medical record pursuant to consistent with medically accepted standards of care.
- (e) The prescriber is treating a patient in a medical emergency. For purposes of As used in this subdivision, "medical emergency" means a situation that, in the prescriber's goodfaith professional judgment, creates an immediate threat of serious risk to the life or health of the patient for whom the controlled substance prescription is being prescribed.

R 338.3162 Dispensing by pharmacists; delivery of controlled substances.

Rule 62. (1) Except for a remote pharmacy, which that is regulated by section 17742a of the code, MCL 333.17742a, and which that allows a qualified pharmacy technician to assist in the dispensing process while being overseen by a pharmacist through the use of a

surveillance system and telepharmacy system, a controlled substance shallmust be dispensed by a pharmacist or a pharmacy intern in the presence, and under the personal charge of a pharmacist.

- (2) A pharmacist shall require positive identification of individuals to whom controlled substances are dispensed or delivered whenif the individual is not known to the pharmacist or pharmacy employees except whenif positive identification is not available and a pharmacist, who in exercising his or her professional judgment, determines that a delay in dispensing the controlled substance may be detrimental to a patient.
- (3) Subrule (2) of this rule does not exempt a pharmacist from the requirement to submit a patient identifier to the electronic system for monitoring controlled substances.
- (4) The dispensing pharmacist and pharmacy are both responsible for complying with this rule.
- (5) A pharmacist may dispense a controlled substance that is listed in schedules 3 to 5 and that is a prescription drug pursuant tounder the provisions of the FDCA of 1991, 21 USC 353, only pursuant tounder a prescription on a prescription form, an oral prescription of a practitioner, or a prescription that is electronically transmitted pursuant to R 338.3162a and that contains all of the required information under R 338.3161, except that the signature of the prescriber is not required if the controlled substance is obtained pursuant tounder an oral order.
- (6) In addition to the requirements in section 17744 of the code, MCL 333.17744, if a prescriber's agent under delegation transmits an oral prescription for a controlled substance to a pharmacy all of the following shallmust be recorded on the prescription generated at the pharmacy:
 - (a) The information required by R 338.3161.
 - (b) The transmitting agent's identity.
 - (c) The individual who received the prescription at the pharmacy.
- (7) Only a prescription that is issued in the usual course of professional treatment or in the course of legitimate and authorized research is a prescription.

R 338.3162a Electronic transmission of prescription; waiver of electronic transmission. Rule 62a. (1) Until the enforcement date established by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services CMS for the Medicare electronic transmission requirement, a prescription may be electronically transmitted, and a pharmacist may dispense the electronically transmitted prescription if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) The prescription is transmitted to the pharmacy of the patient's choice and occurs only at the option of the patient.
 - (b) The electronically transmitted prescription includes all of the following information:
 - (i) The name and address of the prescriber.
- (ii) An electronic signature or other board-approved means of ensuring prescription validity.
- (iii) The prescriber's telephone number for verbal confirmation of the order.
 - (iv) The time and date of the electronic transmission.
 - (v) The name of the pharmacy intended to receive the electronic transmission.
- (vi) Unless otherwise authorized under section 17754(1)(b) of the code, MCL 333.17754, the full name of the patient for whom the prescription is issued.

- (vii) All other information that must be contained in a prescription under R 338.3161.
- (c) The pharmacist exercises professional judgment regarding the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of the transmitted prescription.
 - (d) All requirements in section 17754 of the code, MCL 333.17754, are met.
- (2) An electronically transmitted prescription that meets the requirements of subrule (1) of this rule is the original prescription.
- (3) Effective the enforcement date established by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services CMS for the Medicare electronic transmission requirement, prescribers shall, unless an exception under section 17754a of the Code, MCL 333.17754a, applies, electronically transmit a prescription for a controlled substance consistent with both of the following requirements:
 - (a) All the requirements in section 17754a of the code, MCL 333.17754a, are met.
 - (b) All the requirements in R 338.3161 are met.
- (4) A prescriber applying for a waiver from section 17754a of the code, MCL 333.17754a, shall submit a completed application to the department, on a form provided by the department, and satisfy either1 of the following requirements:
- (a) The prescriber provides evidence satisfactory to the department that the prescriber has received a waiver of the Medicare requirement for the electronic transmission of controlled substances prescriptions from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services CMS.
- (b) The prescriber is unable to meet the requirements of section 17754a(1) or (2) of the code, MCL 333.17754a, and the prescriber meets 1 of the following:
 - (i) The prescription is dispensed by a dispensing prescriber.
- (ii) The prescriber demonstrates economic hardship or technological limitations that are not within the control of the prescriber.
- (iii)(ii) The prescriber demonstrates by attesting to exceptional circumstances, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (A) Prescribing fewer than 100 controlled substances prescriptions per year or the number of controlled substances prescriptions used in the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services CMS waiver for electronic transmission of prescriptions for controlled substances, whichever is more.
- (B) The prescriber has or intends within the next twelve months to no longer regularly practice their licensed profession for financial gain or as a means of livelihood Intention to cease practice within the next twelve months.
 - (C) Limited practice due to an illness or other unforeseen event.
- (iv)(iii) The prescriber issues prescriptions from a non-profit charitable not-for-profit medical clinic that provides free or low-cost services to the public.
- (5) A waiver is valid for 2 years and is applicableapplies to the specific circumstances included in the application. A waiver may be renewed by application to the department.
- R 338.3162b Electronic system for monitoring schedules 2, 3, 4, and 5 controlled substances.
- Rule 62b. (1) Except as otherwise exempt under section 7333a of the code, MCL 333.7333a, a pharmacist, dispensing prescriber, and veterinarian licensed under Part 177 of the code, MCL 333.17701 to 333.17780, who dispenses a prescription drug that is a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 or a pharmacy licensed by the state that

dispenses in this state or dispenses to an address in this state a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 shall report to the department or the department's contractor by means of an electronic data transmittal process the following information for each prescription of a scheduled 2 to 5 controlled substance that has been dispensed:

- (a) The patient identifier identification number. For purposes of As used in this subdivision, all of the following apply:
- (i) An identification number, as specified in R 338.3102(1)(f)(iv)(A) to (C), is not required for patients under the age of 16.
- (ii) If the patient is under 16 years of age, zeroes must be entered as the identification number.
- (iii) If the medication being dispensed is for an animal, the patient identification number applies to the animal's owner, the client, that meets the requirements of R 338.3102(1)(f)(iv). If the animal's owner cannot be identified, zeroes must be entered as the identification number.
- (b) The patient's name; client's name, including first name, middle name, or middle initial, if available; and last name.
 - (c) The patient's or client's address, including street, city, state, and zip code.
 - (d) The patient's or client's phone number.
 - (e) The patient's or client's gender.
 - (f) The patient's or client's date of birth.
 - (g) The species code, as specified by ASAP.
 - (h) The metric quantity of the controlled substance dispensed.
 - (i) The NDC of the controlled substance dispensed.
 - (i) The date of issue of the prescription.
 - (k) The date of dispensing the prescription is filled.
 - (1) The number of refills authorized.
 - (m) The refill number of the prescription fill.
 - (n) The estimated days of supply of the controlled substance dispensed.
 - (o) The prescription number assigned by the dispenser.
- (p) The prescription transmission form code, as specified by ASAP, that indicates how the pharmacy received the prescription.
- (q) The prescription payment type. Cash discount cards are considered cash transactions.
 - (r) The electronic prescription reference number, if applicable.
- (s) The patient's or client's location code whenif receiving pharmacy services, as specified by ASAP.
 - (t) The DEA registration number of the prescriber and the dispensing pharmacy.
- (2) A pharmacist, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian may presume that the patient identification information provided by a patient, of a patient's representative, or veterinarian's client is correct.
- (3) As used in this rule, R 338.3162c, and R 338.3162d, the term "dispense" or "dispensing" means the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance along with delivery of the controlled substance pursuant tounder a prescription or other authorization issued by a prescriber, and does not include the acts of prescribing a controlled substance or administering a controlled substance directly to a patient.
- (4) As used in this rule, the term "patient" refers to an individual, not an animal.

R 338.3162c Format for electronic transmission of data to electronic system for monitoring; waiver.

- Rule 62c. (1) A pharmacist, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian who dispenses a prescription drug that is a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 shall transmit the data, as specified under R 338.3162b by electronic media or other means as approved by the department or the department's contractor.
- (2) The data must be transmitted in the format established by the ASAP 4.1 Standard for Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs.
- (3) A pharmacist, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian who dispenses controlled substances and who does not have an automated record-keeping system capable of producing an electronic report in the format established by subrule (2) of this rule may request a waiver from electronic reporting. The request shallmust be made in writing to the department.
- (4) A pharmacist, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian may be granted a waiver, if he or shethe pharmacist, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian demonstrates an inability to report as required by R 338.3162b and he or she agrees in writing to report the data to the department or the department's contractor by submitting a completed MAPS claim form as defined in R 338.3102(1)(c) or transmitting data via an internet web portal that is provided by the department or the department's contractor for this purpose.
- R 338.3162d Required reporting of prescription data; error reporting. Rule 62d. (1) A pharmacist, pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian shall report all scheduled 2 to 5 controlled substances dispensed.
- (2) The licensee shall forward the data required by R 338.3162b by on-line transmission, computer diskette, compact disk, or other approved medium, as specified in R 338.3162c to the department or the department's contractor, on a daily basis, by the end of the next business day and include the data for all controlled substances dispensed since the previous transmission or report.
- (3) A pharmacist, pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian who does not have the capacity to forward the information as specified in R 338.3162b, shall mail or deliver the information to a location specified by the department or the department's contractor not later than 7 calendar days after the date that the controlled substance has been dispensed, and include the data for all controlled substances dispensed since the previous transmission or report.
- (4) The department or the department's contractor shall notify a pharmacist, pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian of an error in data reporting. If a pharmacist, pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian receives Upon receiving notification of an error in data reporting, thea-pharmacist, pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian shall take appropriate measures to correct the error and transmit the corrected data to the department or the department's contractor within 7 calendar days ofafter being notified of the error.
- (5) A pharmacist, pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or veterinarian who fails to report the dispensing of a prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 as required, is subject to the penalty provisions in section 16221, 17741, or 17768 of the

code, MCL 333.16221, 333.17741, or 333.17768, in article 15 of the code, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838.

- R 338.3163 Individual with substance use disorder; prescribing, dispensing, and administering controlled substance. Is this needed with the MAT Act?
- Rule 63. (1) A practitioner within his or herthe practitioner's scope of practice, may either prescribe, dispense, or administer a controlled substance to an individual with substance use disorder for the purpose of maintenance or detoxification treatment pursuant tounder any of the following situations:
- (a) A practitioner acting pursuant tounder federal law or regulations to conduct the drug treatment of an individual with substance use disorder may prescribe, dispense, and administer a controlled substance for the purpose of legitimate treatment of the individual with substance use disorder. A prescription may only be issued for a schedule 3 through 5 substance.
- (b) A practitioner may administer or dispense a controlled substance approved by the FDA specifically for use in maintenance or detoxification treatment directly to an individual with substance use disorder who is participating in a program.
- (c) A practitioner may administer a controlled substance approved by the FDA specifically for use in maintenance or detoxification treatment directly to an individual with substance use disorder who is experiencing acute withdrawal symptoms and administration of a controlled substance is necessary while the practitioner is arranging referral for treatment. The following requirements must be followed:
- (i) Not more than 1 day's supply of medication may be administered or directly dispensed to the individual with drug addiction or dependence.
- (ii) The emergency treatment may be carried out for not more than 3 consecutive days and may not be renewed or extended.
- (2) Notwithstanding subrule (1) of this rule, a practitioner within the scope of his or herthe practitio'er's practice, may administer or dispense a controlled substance in a hospital or similar setting to an individual with substance use disorder consistent with both of the following:
- (a) The controlled substance is administered or dispensed to continue maintenance or detoxification treatment as an adjunct to medical or surgical treatment of conditions other than addiction.
- (b) The controlled substance is administered or dispensed to relieve intractable pain for which no relief or cure is possible, or none has been found after reasonable efforts.
- (3) As use in this rule:
- (a) "Practitioner" means the term **as** defined in section 7109 of the code, MCL 333.7109.
- (b) "Program" means the term **as** defined in section 260 of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1260.
- (c) "Substance use disorder" means that term as defined in section 100d of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1100d.
- R 338.3164 Emergency dispensing of schedule 2 substances; oral prescriptions. Rule 64. A pharmacist may dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule 2 in an emergency in whichif all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The prescriber advises the pharmacist of all of the following:
- (i) Immediate administration of the controlled substance is necessary for proper treatment of the intended ultimate user.
- (ii) Appropriate alternative treatment is not available, including administration of a drug that is not a controlled substance under schedule 2.
- (iii) It is not reasonably possible for the prescriber to provide a written prescription to be presented to the dispenser before the dispensing.
- (iv) The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited to the amount adequate to treat the patient during the emergency period and pursuant tounder a written prescription.
- (b) The pharmacist shall immediately put the prescription in writing, which contains the information that must be contained in a prescription under R 338.3161, except for the prescriber's signature.
- (c) If the prescriber is not known to the pharmacist, then the pharmacist shall make a reasonable effort to determine that the oral authorization came from a prescriber by returning the prescriber's call, using the telephone number listed in the telephone directory, and other good faith efforts to ensure the prescriber's identity.
- R 338.3165 Emergency dispensing of schedule 2 substances; written prescriptions. Rule 65. (1) Within 7 days after After authorizing an emergency oral prescription of a controlled substance listed in schedule 2, the prescriber shall comply with all of the following within 7 days:
- (a) The prescriber shall deliver to the dispensing pharmacist a written prescription **postmarked 7 days before the date the prescription was dispensed,** or electronically transmit the prescription pursuant tounder R 338.3162a.
- (b) The prescriber shall include on the prescription both "Authorization for Emergency Dispensing" and the date of the oral order.
- (2) A pharmacist that has dispensed a prescription on an emergency oral prescription shall comply with all of the following:
 - (a) The dispensing pharmacist shall reduce the oral prescription to writing.
- (b) Upon receipt of the prescription, the After the dispensing pharmacist receives the prescription the pharmacist shall attach the prescription to the oral order whichthat was earlier reduced to writing.
- (c) The pharmacy shall notify the department if the prescriber fails to deliver to him or her the pharmacy either a written prescription or a prescription transmitted electronically.
- (3) The failure of the pharmacy to notify the department if the prescriber fails to deliver a prescription pursuant tounder subrule (1) of this rule voids the authority conferred by this rule.
- R 338.3166 Partial dispensing of controlled substances.
- Rule 66. (1) A pharmacist may partially dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule 2 in conformance with the following:
- (a) The pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity called for in a written or emergency oral prescription.

- (b) The pharmacist makes a notation of the quantity supplied on the face of the written prescription, written record of the emergency oral prescription, or in the electronic prescription record.
- (c) The pharmacist may dispense the remainder of the prescription within 72 hours after the first partial dispensing.
- (d) If the remainder of the prescription is not or cannot be dispensed within the 72 hours, the pharmacist shall notify the prescriber.
- (e) The pharmacist shall not dispense anyan additional quantity **of the drug** beyond 72 hours without a new prescription.
- (f) The pharmacy mustshall have the balance of the prescription ready for dispensing before the 72-hour limit, but the patient is not required to pick up the balance of the prescription within that 72-hour limit.
- (2) A pharmacist may partially dispense a prescription for a controlled substance in schedule 2 at the request of the patient or the prescribing practitioner in conformance with the following:
- (a) The prescription is written and filled pursuant tounder the CSA and DEA regulations and state law.
- (b) The total quantity dispensed in all partial fillings does not exceed the total quantity prescribed.
- (c) The remaining portions of a partially filled prescription in schedule 2, if filled, shallmust be filled not later than 30 days after the date on which the prescription was written.
- (d) For each partial filling, the dispensing pharmacist shall record, on the back of the prescription or on another appropriate record that is uniformly maintained and readily retrievable, all of the following information:
 - (i) Date of the partial filling.
 - (ii) Quantity dispensed.
 - (iii) Remaining quantity that may be dispensed.
 - (iv) Identification of the dispensing pharmacist.
- (3) A pharmacist may partially dispense, including individual dosage units, a prescription for a schedule 2 controlled substance that is written for a patient in a long-term care facility or for a patient with a medical diagnosis that documents a terminal illness in conformance with all of the following:
- (a) For each partial filling, the dispensing pharmacist shall record, on the back of the prescription or on another appropriate record that is uniformly maintained and readily retrievable, all of the following information:
 - (i) Date of the partial filling.
 - (ii) Quantity dispensed.
 - (iii) Remaining quantity authorized to be dispensed.
 - (iv) Identification of the dispensing pharmacist.
- (b) The total quantity of schedule 2 controlled substances dispensed in all partial fillings may not be more than the total quantity prescribed.
- (c) Prescriptions are valid for a period of not more than 60 days from after the issue date unless terminated at an earlier date by the discontinuance of medication.
- (d) A pharmacist shall record on the prescription whether the patient is terminally ill or is a long-term care facility patient.

- (4) A pharmacy may partially fill a prescription for a schedule 3, 4, or 5 controlled substance if all of the following provisions are met:
 - (a) Each partial filling is recorded in the same manner as a refilling.
- (b) The total quantity dispensed in all partial fillings does not exceed the total quantity prescribed.
- (c) No dispensing occurs after 6 months from after the date the prescription was issued for schedules 3, 4, and 5.

R 338.3167 Dispensing schedule 5 substances without prescriptions.

- Rule 67. (1) A pharmacist may, without a prescription, dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule 5 that is not a prescription medication as determined under the FDCA, 21 USC 301 to 392, if all of the following provisions are met:
- (a) The dispensing pharmacist determines the controlled substance is intended to be used for a medical purpose.
- (b) Not more than 240 cc, 8 ounces, or 48 solid doses of a substance containing opium or more than 120 cc, 4 ounces, or 24 solid doses of any otheranother substance listed in schedule 5 are distributed at retail to the same purchaser in anya single 48-hour period.
 - (c) The purchaser is not younger than 18 years of age.
- (d) The dispensing pharmacist requires a purchaser, not known to the pharmacist, to furnish suitable identification, including proof of age where appropriate.
- (2) If a pharmacist dispenses a controlled substance listed in schedule 5 without a prescription, then he or shethe pharmacist shall affix a label to the container in whichthat holds the substance is dispensed that includes all the following:
 - (i) Thea label that shows the date the controlled substance was dispensed.
 - (ii) The his or her pharmacist name., and the
 - (iii) The name and address of the place of practice where the substance is dispensed.
- (3) The pharmacist shall maintain a record of the dispensing without a prescription of controlled substances listed in schedule 5 with the following requirements:
- (a) The record must be keptmaintained for 5 years from after the date of dispensing. After 2 years, an electronic duplicate of the original order may be made which becomes the original record.
- (b) The record must be immediately retrievable and may be maintained in the same manner as required for schedule 5 prescription medication.
 - (c) The record must contain all of the following information:
 - (i) The name and address of the patient.
 - (ii) The name and address of the purchaser if different from the patient.
 - (iii) The name and quantity of substance purchased.
 - (iv) The date purchased.
- (v) The name or initials of the pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispensed the substance.
- (vi) The medical purpose for whichof the medication is being used as determined by the pharmacist.

R 338.3168 Refilling of prescriptions.

Rule 68. (1) A prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule 2 may not be refilled.

- (2) A prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedules 3 and 4 may not be refilled more than 6 months after the prescription's date of issuance and may not be refilled more than 5 times. Renewal of the prescription must be consistent with the requirements for original prescriptions.
- (3) A prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule 5 may be refilled only as expressly authorized by the prescriber on the prescription up to 1 year; if no authorization is indicated, then the prescription may not be refilled.
- R 338.3170 Dispensing and administering controlled substances by prescribers. Rule 70. (1) A prescriber in the course of his or herthe prescriber's professional practice may dispense, or administer, or delegate under direct supervision the
- administering of a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5.

 (2) A veterinarian, in the course of his or herthe veterinarian's professional practice may dispense, administer, or delegate the administering under direct supervision of a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 to an animal.

PART 7. DISTRIBUTIONS

R 338.3181 Distributions by dispensers.

- Rule 81. (1) A dispenser who is not licensed as a wholesale distributor may distribute a controlled substance to another dispenser for the purpose of general dispensing to his or herthe dispenser's patients if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (a) The receiving dispenser is licensed to dispense the substance.
- (b) The distribution is recorded by the distributing dispenser and a receipt record is maintained by the receiving dispenser.
 - (c) An order form for substances listed in schedules 1 and 2 is used.
- (d) The total number of dosage units of all controlled substances distributed by the distributing dispenser during the 12-month period in which the dispenser is licensed is not more than 5% of the total number of all dosage units distributed and dispensed during the 12-month period.
- (2) If the dispenser has reason to believe that the total number of dosage units which will be distributed by him or herthe dispenser-pursuant tounder this rule will beare more than 5% of the total number of dosage units of all controlled substances distributed and dispensed by him or herthe dispenser during the 12-month period, the dispenser shall obtain a license to distribute controlled substances.

R 338.3183 Distribution to suppliers.

- Rule 83. (1) A person who is lawfully in possession of a controlled substance that is listed in anya schedule may distributereturn the substance to the person who gave the person from whom he or she obtained the substance or to the manufacturer of the substance without obtaining a license to distribute. The person who distributes the substance shall maintain a written record that contains all of the following information:
 - (a) The date of the distribution.
 - (b) The name, form, and quantity of the substance.

- (c) The name, address, and license number, if any, of the person who makes the distribution.
 - (d) The name, address, and license number, if known, of the supplier or manufacturer.
- (2) In the case of a controlled substance listed in schedules 1 or 2, an order form must be used and maintained as the written record of the distribution.

R 338.3185 Discontinuances and transfers.

Rule 85. A licensee who wants to discontinue or transfer business activities or a professional practice altogether or only with respect to controlled substances shall return his or her DEA registration and any unexecuted order forms in his or her possession to the DEA. The licensee shall return the state controlled substances license to the department. The transfer of the controlled substances is subject to approval by the DEA pursuant tounder the provisions of 21 CFR 1301.52 and written notification must be provided to the department 15 days before the controlled substances are transferred.

R 338.3186 Use of order forms and invoices.

Rule 86. An order form must be used to distribute schedule 2 substances and an invoice must be used to distribute schedules 3 to 5 substances. The order form may be executed only by a practitioner who is licensed under article 7 of the code, MCL 333.7101 to 333.7545, to prescribe or dispense controlled substances.

PART 8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURE

